

Effective public policies for EV-dissemination

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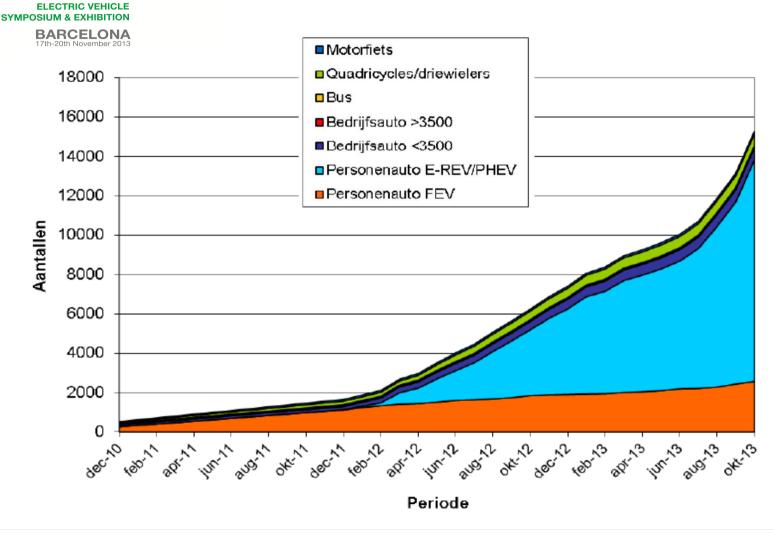








E-mobility in The Netherlands



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Why e-mobility on a local scale?

- Positive impact on innercity air-quality
- reduces the CO2 impact and the oil-dependency, both locally and regionally
- Positive impact on noise reduction on local level
- Positive impact on local economies, innovations sustainable development

















The objective of the research

- Objective of the research:
 - To evaluate the effectiveness of the policies of Dutch local governments to stimulate the growth of electric vehicles
- The relative number of EV's on the road in a certain municipality was matched with the instruments the local government had applied

















Research method; the dependent variable

- Regression-equations: a quantitative connection is made between a dependent variable and an independent variable
- Dependent variable: the total number of cars and the percentage electric cars of 415 municipalities (data Vehicle Licencing Agency)
 - The effect of the number of FEV
 - The effect of the number of FEV plus REV









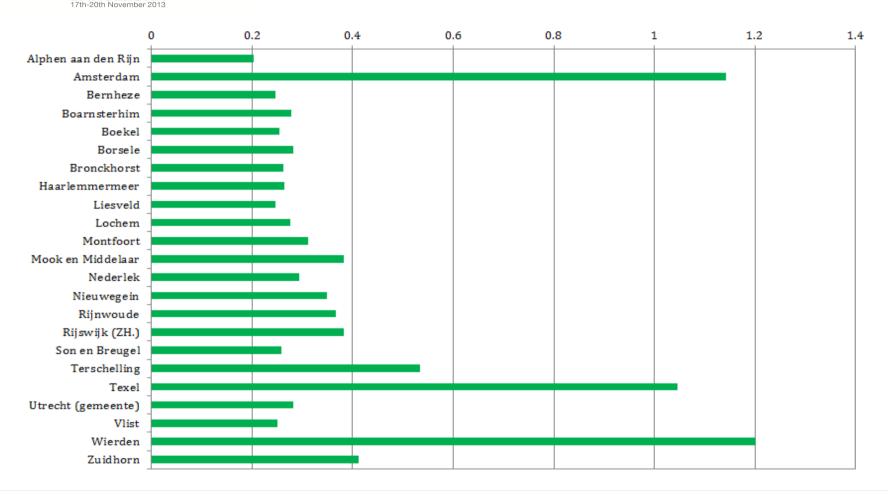








Percentage of FEV per council in the Netherlands



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Research method; the independent variable

- Independent variable: variable sources, about 74 municipalities were selected
- Three categories of independent variables:
 - A. Characteristics of the municipality
 - B. Other factors
 - C. Policy instruments

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 'C' is the objective of the study, 'A' and 'B' are verification variables















"Characteristics of the municipality" and "other factors"

Characteristics of the municipality

- Average income
- Number of inhabitants
- Density of houses

Other factors

- Wadden Island
- Percentage of hybrid cars
- Presence of a car-lease company
- Pilot project



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"Policy instruments"

- Charging infrastructure
- Launching customer
- Investment subsidy
- Charging infrastructure subsidy
- Parking benefits
- Information and marketing



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| Variabelen | FEV | FEV & E-REV |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| | | |
| Inkomen | 2.76e-07 | 9.51e-07 |
| | (2.68e-06) | (4.76e-06) |
| Inwoneraantal | -9.80e-07*** | |
| | (3.59e-07) | (6.96e-07) |
| OAD | 1.60 e-05 | 2.22e-05 |
| | (1.06e-05) | (1.82e-05) |
| Waddeneiland | 0.175 | 0.370 |
| | (0.122) | (0.250) |
| Hybride | 0.00555 | 0.0409* |
| | (0.0218) | (0.0209) |
| Leasemaatschappij | 0.254* | 0.328** |
| | (0.152) | (0.145) |
| Proeftuin | 0.445** | 0.775* |
| | (0.200) | (0.432) |
| Laadpunten | 0.00331*** | 0.00326*** |
| | (0.000517) | (0.000749) |
| Launching customer | 0.0792** | 0.116** |
| | (0.0395) | (0.0557) |
| Laadpalensubsidie | -0.0347 | -0.122 |
| | (0.107) | (0.209) |
| Aanschafsubsidie | 0.0850* | 0.111* |
| | (0.0477) | (0.0588) |
| Parkeervoordelen | -0.134 | -0.205 |
| | (0.108) | (0.199) |
| Informatievoorziening en marketing | 0.0134 | 0.0251 |
| | (0.0262) | (0.0343) |
| Constant | 0.0402 | 0.0791 |
| | (0.0417) | (0.0717) |
| | | |
| Observaties | 415 | 415 |
| R ² | 0.434 | 0.407 |
| Robuste standaard errors tussen haakjes | | |
| *** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1 | | |
| | | |

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Effective policy instruments

| Policy instrument | FEV | FEV + REV |
|-------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Charging infrastructure | 0,00331 | 0,00326 |
| Launching customer | 0,0792 | 0,116 |
| Investment subsidy | 0,0850 | 0,111 |

- Each charger causes 0,00331 FEV
- A municipality as launching customer causes 0,0792 FEV
- A investement subsidy causes 0,0850 FEV

















Non effective policy instruments

- Charging infrastructure subsidy
- Parking benefits
- Information and marketing



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Conclusions

- The visibility of EV's and charging infrastructure is nescessary for a higher amount of EV's on street
- Direct financial instrument causes a higher percentage of EV's
- Non direct financial instruments do not causes a higher percentage of EV's
- Idem for information and marketing

















Recommandations

- Due to the growing number of EV's new research is recommendable
- The growing number of EV's causes more attention of municipalities and the need of making policy, new research recommendable
- Additional research: the cost benefit of policy instruments
- International comparative research?













